

Giorgione, La Tempesta.

That Picture (howsoever fine the rest)
Is loveliest to my mind of all the show;
It may perhaps be also to your Zest,
And that's the cause I rhyme upon it so;
'Tis but a Portrait of his Son and Wife
And Self; but such a Woman! Love in life!

See note below to stanza 12, line 8.



Triple Portrait, attrib. Titian.

That Picture (howsoever fine the rest)
Is loveliest to my mind of all the show;
It may perhaps be also to your Zest,
And that's the cause I rhyme upon it so;
'Tis but a Portrait of his Son and Wife
And Self; but such a Woman! Love in life!

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BEPPO: a Story. -

edited by Peter Cochran

Motto. Rosalind. – "Farewell, Monsieur Traveller; look you lisp and wear strange suits, disable all the benefits of your own country, be out of love with your nativity, and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce think that you have swam in a gondola. – *As You Like It*, Act 4. Scene 1.¹⁶

Annotation of the Commentators. "That is, been at Venice, which was much visited by the young English Gentlemen of those times, and was then what Paris is now the Seat of all dissoluteness. S.A. —¹⁷

1.

'Tis known, at least it should be, that throughout
All countries of the Catholic persuasion,
Some weeks before Shrove Tuesday comes about,
The People take their fill of recreation,
And buy repentance ere they grow devout,
However high their rank, or low their station,
With fiddling, feasting, dancing, drinking, masquing, 18
And other things which may be had for asking.

2.

The moment Night with dusky mantle covers

The skies (and the more duskily the better)¹⁹

The Time – less liked by husbands than by lovers –

Begins, and Prudery flings aside her fetter,

And Gaiety on restless tiptoe hovers,

Giggling with all the Gallants who beset her;

And there are Songs, and quavers, roaring, humming,

Guitars, and every other sort of strumming.²⁰

^{1:} Epigraph 1: Shakespeare, As You Like it, IV i 30 et. seq. Rosalind is mocking Jacques for his affectation of cosmopolitan sophistication, a front for bitterness, arrogance, and failure to love. Gondola is of obvious topographical relevance to Beppo.

^{17:} Epigraph 2: an authentic academic note to Epigraph 1. *S.A.* is the editor Samuel Ayscough, from whose 1807 edition of Shakespeare Byron has just quoted. Ayscough – whose note actually has *licentiousness*, not *dissoluteness* – has fallen into the opposite trap from Jacques'. In his case provincial smugness is the mask for bitterness, arrogance, and failure to love.

^{18:} See Byron, letter to Kinnaird, February 3 1817 (BLJ V 168): ... of Venice I say nothing – there is little going on but fiddling – masquing – singing – & t'other thing.

^{19:} Prefigures several Byronic passages about dusk; see *Don Juan* I ll.441-2 and III sts.101-8.

^{20:} strumming: slang for sexual intercourse.

And there are dresses, splendid but fantastical,
Masks of all times and nations,²¹ Turks and Jews,
And Harlequins and Clowns with feats gymnastical,
Greeks, Romans, Yankee-doodles and Hindoos,
All kinds of dress, except the eccleciastical,²²
All people, as their fancies hit, may chuse;
But no One in these parts may quiz²³ the Clergy,
Therefore take heed Ye Freethinkers! I charge ye.²⁴ –

20

4.

You'd better walk about begirt with briars,
Instead of Coat and smallclothes, 25 than put on
A single stitch reflecting upon Friars; 26
Although you swore it only was in fun;
They'd haul you o'er the coals, and stir the fires
Of Phlegethon with every mother's son, 27
Nor say one Mass to cool the Cauldron's bubble 28
That boiled your bones – unless you paid them double.

• Masks of all times

^{21:} *Masks of all times and nations*: Byron gives the Carnival universal significance. Compare Fielding, *Tom Jones*, Book 8 Chapter 15: "... those who travel in order to acquaint themselves with the different Manners of Men, might spare themselves much Pains, by going to a carnival at Venice; for here they will see at once all which they can discover in the several Courts of Europe. The same Hypocrisy, the same Fraud; in short, the same Follies and Vices, dressed in different Habits." It is also during the Venice Carnival that Candide and Martin meet the six dethroned monarchs, each intoning "Je suis venu passer le carnaval à Venise" like a dirge. See Voltaire, *Candide*, Chapter 26.

^{22:} except the eccleciastical: in the Venetian Lenten carnival religious disguises were outlawed. The atmosphere here may owe as much to Byron's experience of the Athenian carnival in 1810 as it does to his experience of the Venetian: They [the Franks in Athens] have balls and parties in the winter and spring of the year, in their own small circle, to which the principal Greeks are invited, and particulaly during the carnival, when they and many of the inhabitants are in masquerade. We were present at that season, and were visited by a young Athenian in an English uniform, who was highly delighted with his metamorphosis. The most favourite fancy of the Greeks seemed to be that of dressing themselves up like the Waiwode, the Cadi, or other principal Turks, and parading the streets with attendants also properly habited. One more daring humourist of my acquaintance, on one occasion mimicked the Archbishop himself as if in the ceremony of blessing the houses, but found the priests less tolerant than the Mahometans, for he was excommunicated – Hobhouse, Journey Through Some Provinces of Turkey (1813, I 299-300). None of Byron's Venetian friends seems to have quizzed the clergy, or been excommunicated.

^{23:} quiz: satirise; play jokes on.

^{24:} The *clergy / charge ye* rhyme is from Swift, *The Grand Question Debated* 189-90 (see BLJ IX 191).

^{25:} smallclothes: undergarments. See below, 1.780 and n.

^{26:} reflecting upon Friars: with perhaps a glance at Voltaire's Frère Giroflée in Candide Chapter 24, first seen arm-in-arm with a pretty prostitute in Venice.

^{27:} Phlegethon: one of the rivers of the underworld. See Don Juan IV 418. every mother's son: echoes A Midsummer Night's Dream, I ii 69 (That would hang us, every mother's son) and III i 65 (Come, sit down, every mother's son, and rehearse your parts).

^{28:} the Cauldron's bubble: echoes Macbeth, IV i 10-11: Double, double, toil and trouble, / Fire burn, and cauldron bubble.

But saving this, you may put on whate'er
You like by way of doublet, cape or cloak,
Such as in Monmouth Street, or in Rag Fair,²⁹
Would rig you out in Seriousness, or Joke;
And even in Italy such places are
With prettier names in softer accents spoke,
For, bating Covent Garden, I can't hit on
A Place that's called "Piazza" in Great Britain.³⁰
40

6.

The feast is named the Carnival,³¹ which being
Interpreted implies "Farewell to Flesh",³²
So called because, the name and thing agreeing,
Through Lent they live on fish both salt and fresh;
But why they usher Lent with so much glee in
Is more than I can tell, although I guess
'Tis as we take a glass with friends at parting
In the Stage-Coach or Packet,³³ just at starting.

29: *Monmouth Street* ... *Rag Fair*: Monmouth Street (not the present one, but running between Charing Cross Road and the present Broadwick Street) was famous for its second-hand clothes shops; Rag Fair was the corresponding place, of unsavoury repute, in the East End. The wife of Morgan, friend of *Roderick Random*, is accused of keeping a gin-shop there (XXVII). Many went to both places in Seriousness (36): Random twice has to sell his clothes in Monmouth Street in Joke (LIII and LX).

Yet mark their mirth – ere lenten days begin,
That penance which their holy rites prepare
To shrive from man his weight of mortal sin,
By daily abstinence and nightly prayer;
But ere his sackcloth garb Repentance wear,
Some days of joyaunce are decreed to all,
To take of pleasaunce each his secret share;
In motley robe to dance and masking ball,
And join in mimic train of merry Carnival.

This is in turn self-borrowed from the fourth stanza of the fragment *Il Diavolo Inamorato* of 1812, which also furnishes material for *Beppo*: see below, 1.551n. B. had not been to Venice when these earlier poems were written.

^{30:} bating Covent Garden, I can hit on / No place ... (all previous edns.) bating Covent Garden, I can't hit on / A place that's called "Piazza" in Great Britain: a covered arcade, designed by Inigo Jones, skirted two sides of Covent Garden, which was famous for its gaming houses, Turkish baths, and brothels. To "hit on" somewhere was to have a sexual encounter there (see *Don Juan IX*, 77, 6); and one coffee house was called The Piazza.

^{31:} *The Carnival*: for a previous, and contrastingly pompous, treatment, not of the Venetian Carnival but of the Constantinople Carnival, see *Childe Harold's Pilgrimage* II st.78:

^{32: &}quot;Farewell to Flesh": the Latin roots of carnival are carnis, "flesh", and vale, "farewell".

^{33:} Stage-Coach or Packet: emblems of departure; a packet was a small ship.

And thus they bid farewell to Carnal dishes,	
And solid meats, and highly spiced ragouts, ³⁴	50
To live for forty days on ill-dressed fishes,	
Because they have no sauces to their stews –	
A thing which causes many "poohs" and "pishes,"	
And several oaths (which would not suit the Muse)	
From travellers accustomed from a boy	55
To eat their Salmon, at the least, with Soy. ³⁵ –	
0	

8.

And therefore humbly I would recommend
"The Curious in Fishsauce," before they cross
The Sea, to bid their Cook, or wife, or friend,
Walk or ride to the Strand, and buy in gross
(Or if set out before hand these may send
By any means least liable to loss)
Ketchup, Soy, Chili-Vinegar, and Harvey, Ketchup, Soy, Chili-Vinegar, and Harvey, Chili-Vinegar, and Harvey, Soy, Chili-Vinegar, and Harvey, Soy, Chili-Vinegar, and Harvey, Soy, Chili-Vinegar, Soy, Chili-Vinegar

9.

That is to say, if your Religion's Roman,
And you at Rome would do as Romans do,
According to the proverb – although No man
If foreign is obliged to fast, and You –
If protestant, or sickly – or a Woman –
Would rather dine in sin on a ragout;³⁹
70
Dine and be d—n-d; I don't mean to be coarse,
But that's the penalty, to say no worse. –

^{34:} ragouts: highly seasoned meat and vegetable stews.

^{35:} Soy: the first recorded use of soy sauce in England is 1696.

^{36:} "The Curious in Fishsauce": either pastiche advertising jargon, or borrowed from the real thing.

^{37:} the Strand: fashionable then for dining and shopping.

^{38:} Harvey: Harvey's Fish Sauce, very popular at the time; see B.'s 1811 epigram *The Composite Merits of Hervey's Fish Sauce and Hervey's Meditations*.

^{39:} *dine in sin on a ragout*: in Thomas Shadwell's *The Libertine* – an adaptation of Tirso de Molina's Don Juan play – the protagonist, threatened by the statue of the man he killed, and about to dragged off to hell, says calmly *Here's excellent meat, taste of this ragout*. The line – which occurs in the Spanish original, too – is quoted by Coleridge in Chapter XXIII of *Biographia Literaria*, to which B. alludes slightingly at *Don Juan* Dedication II.13-16. See also *The Devil's Drive* (1813) 1.3, where Satan *dined on some homicides done in Ragoût*: B. evidently associated the French dish with transgression. See also *Don Juan* V 251-2, XIII 789-92, and XV 494-6, and Burns, *To a Haggis*, 25.

Of all the places where the Carnival	
Was most facetious in the days of yore	
For dance, and song, and serenade, and ball,	75
And Masque, and Mime, and Mystery, and more	
Than I have time to tell now, or at all,	
Venice the bell from every city bore,	
And at the moment when I fix my story,	
That Seaborn City was in all her Glory. 40 –	80

11.

They've pretty faces yet, those same Venetians,
Black eyes, arched brows, and sweet expressions still,
Such as of old were copied from the Grecians,
In antient Arts by Moderns mimicked ill;
And like so many Venuses of Titian's⁴¹
(The best's at Florence⁴² – see it – if ye will)
They look when leaning over the Balcony;⁴³
Or stepped from out a picture by Giorgione,⁴⁴ – –

^{40:} That Sea born City was in all her Glory: B. deliberately leaves the period uncertain – see below, 162. Venice was in decline throughout the eighteenth century; she was finally eclipsed by the Treaty of Campo Formio in 1797, by which she was handed over by Napoleon to the Austrians, who were still ruling her when B. lived there in 1816-18.

^{41:} *so many Venuses of Titians*: Titian (1487/90-1576) highly influential Venetian painter on religious and classical subjects, including several Venuses.

^{42:} The best's at Florence: see BLJ V 218: I went to the two galleries – from which one returns drunk with beauty – the Venus is more for admiration than love – but there are sculpture and painting – which for the first time at all gave me an idea of what people mean by their cant & ... "entusimusy" ... about those two most artificial of the arts ... What struck me most were ... a Venus of Titian in the Medici gallery – the Venus ...

^{43:} *Balcony*: in 1817 the correct stress was on the second syllable.

^{44:} *Giorgione*: earlier Venetian painter (1478-1511) Titian's teacher, an innovator who created a new highly coloured yet intimate style – a Byronic alter ego.

Whose tints are Truth and Beauty at their best;
And when you to Manfrini's palace go,⁴⁵

That Picture (howsoever fine the rest)
Is loveliest to my mind of all the show;
It may perhaps be also to *your* Zest,
And that's the cause I rhyme upon it so;
'Tis but a Portrait of his Son and Wife

95

And Self;⁴⁶ but *such* a Woman! Love in life!

13.

Love in full life and length, not Love ideal,
No, nor ideal Beauty, that fine name,⁴⁷
But something better still, so very real,
That the sweet Model must have been the same;
A thing that you would purchase, beg, or steal,
Were't not impossible, besides a shame;
The face recalls some face, as 'twere with pain,
You once have seen but ne'er will see again.

14.

One of those forms which flit by us, when we
Are young and fix our eyes on every face;
And Oh! the Loveliness at times we see
In momentary gliding, the soft grace,
The Youth, the Bloom, the Beauty which agree
In many a nameless being we retrace,
Whose course and home we knew not, nor shall know,
Like the lost Pleiad⁴⁸ seen no more below. §

§: Note, "Quae *septem* dici *sex* tamen esse solent." Ovid.

45: Manfrini's palace: a Venetian palace famous for its art treasures, including Titians and Giorgiones. See B., letter to Murray, April 17 1817 (BLJ V 213): I also went over the Manfrini palace ... What struck me most ... was the extreme resemblance of the style of the female faces in the mass of pictures so many centuries or generations old – to those you see & meet every day among the existing Italians. Hobhouse's diary, Saturday September 20 1817: This morning went about with the Kinnairds to St. Mark's place, church, to the Manfrini pictures. We all admired Giorgione most his three portraits of wife and son and self – Byron and the Kinnaird's and I dined at my inn. (B.L.Add.Mss. 47234 f.24.) **46:** Portrait of his Son and Wife: see BLJ V 213 again: The Queen of Cyprus and Giorgione's wife – particularly the latter - are Venetians as it were of yesterday - the same eyes and expression - & to my mind there is none finer. You must recollect however - that I know nothing of painting - & detest it ... B.'s reference is sometimes said to be to the picture by Giorgione now commonly known as La Tempesta: featuring a military figure in the left foreground, staring at a mother suckling her child in the right foreground, while a storm gathers behind them, it is not now thought to be of Giorgione's son and wife. See Ian Scott-Kilvert, Byron and Giorgione (Byron Journal 1981, pp.85-8). However, Hilary Gatti (Byron and Giorgione's Wife, Studies in Romanticism, Summer 1984, pp.237-44), argues for the triple portrait which may be by Titian or of his school, now in the Alnwick Castle Collection. See illustrations at top of this document.

^{47:} *ideal Beauty, that fine name*: compare *Don Juan* II 943-4 and 1686-8.

⁴⁸ Byron's note: *the lost Pleiad*: the Pleiades were the seven daughters of Atlas; one, Merope, was seduced by a mortal – Sisyphus – and when all were translated into a constellation she shone very faintly, because ashamed. A model thus for non-Platonic beauty. The line is from *Fasti* iv 170, and means *they are normally called seven but normally are six*.

I said that like a picture by Giorgione Venetian women were, and so they <i>are</i> , Particularly seen from a balcony (For Beauty's sometimes best set off afar) And there just like a heroine of Goldoni ⁴⁹	115
They peep from out the blind, or o'er the bar;	
And truth to say they're mostly very pretty, And rather like to show it, more's the Pity!	120
And rather like to show it, more's the Fity:	120
16.	
For Glances beget Ogles, Ogles Sighs, Sighs Wishes, Wishes Words, and Words a Letter, Which flies on wings of light-heeled Mercuries, Who do such things because they know no better, And then God knows! what Mischief may arise, When Love links two young people in one fetter: Vile Assignations, and adulterous beds, Elopements, broken vows, and hearts, and heads. –	125
17.	
Shakespeare described the Sex in Desdemona As very fair, but yet suspect in fame, 51 And to this day from Venice to Verona Such matters may be probably the same, Except that since those times was never known a	130

49: Goldoni: Carlo Goldoni (1707-93) Venetian comic dramatist, an innovative realist like Giorgione, or B. himself. **Hobhouse's diary**, Friday November 14 1817: Fine day. dined at home on dinner of Battista's dressing. [see Don Juan I 447-8] play in the evening at St Benedetto, with Byron. one of Goldoni's, Il Maldicente. Ludicrous. Coffee house life natural here. Vestris is certainly a good actor and there is something natural that is the exaggerated nature of the Italians in all their acting – brandy and water with Byron. (B.L.Add.Mss. 47234 f.33.) One of several entries recording seeing Goldoni's plays at Venice. Titles mentioned include La Vedova Scaltra and Il Poeta Fanatico.

135

Husband whom mere Suspicion could inflame

To suffocate a wife no more than twenty, Because she had a "Cavalier Servente." 52

50: *Mercuries*: Mercury was messenger and go-between to the gods.

51: Shakespeare described the Sex in Desdemona / As very fair, but yet suspect in fame: see the words of Iago at III iii 205-8:

I know our country disposition well; In Venice they do let God see the pranks They dare not show their husbands; their best conscience Is not to leave't undone, but keep't unknown.

or those of Othello at IV ii 68:

O thou weed

Who art so lovely fair and smell'st so sweet That the sense aches at thee! Would thou had'st never been born!

See also below, 784 and 785nn; compare also Shakespeare, Sonnet 94.

52: "Cavalier Servente": socially accepted lover of a married woman. See *Don Juan* III 190, and IX Stanza 51. Scott uses the term in *The Bride of Lammermoor* (1819) Chapter XXII: but seems not to

Their Jealousy (if they are ever jealous)
Is of a fair complexion altogether,
Not like that sooty devil of Othello's⁵³
Which smothers women in a bed of feather,
But worthy of these much more jolly fellows –
When weary of the matrimonial tether
His head for such a wife no Mortal bothers,
But takes at once another, or *another's*. –

19.

Didst ever see a Gondola? For fear
You should not, I'll describe it you exactly;
'Tis a long covered boat that's common here,
Carved at the prow, built lightly but compactly –
Rowed by two rowers, each called "Gondolier" –
It glides along the water looking blackly,
Just like a Coffin clapt in a Canoe,

Where none can make out what you say or do. 55

20.

And up and down the long Canals they go
And under the Rialto shoot along
By night and day, all paces, swift or slow, ⁵⁶
And round the theatres, a sable throng,
They wait in their dusk livery of woe,
But not to them do woeful things belong,
For sometimes they contain a deal of fun,
Like Mourning Coaches when the funeral's done. –

comprehend its implications. **Hobhouse's diary**, Thursday July 31 1817: I set out at 9, changed horses at Dolo. and arrived at Mira and Byron's house on the Brenta by half-past eleven – I saw my friend well and in spirits – Mr Matthew Lewis [author of "The Monk"] was in the house with him – and part of the house was occupied by Signora Zagati [sic: for Segati] of Venice the drapier's lady – who in a country where women gain character by having a cavalier servente of rank has risen since she has been companion in ordinary to Byron – It is amusing to hear her talk about "cattive donne" ["wicked women"] with the greatest simplicity – Signor Piero her husband visits her on a Saturday and Sunday and attends another lady. (B.L.Add.Mss. 47234 f.4).

53: sooty devil of Othello's: see Othello, I ii 70:

If she ...
Would ever have, to incur a general mock,
Run from her guardage to the sooty bosom
Of such a thing as thou ...

54: Just like a Coffin: an image hard to explain in precise erotic terms unless we understand an in-joke. **Hobhouse's diary**, Saturday October 11 1817: ... he [Claridge, an old acquaintance of Hobhouse] is a lawyer and shoppy – he told me a curious letch – a man in the temple keeps a coffin and sends for the girls in the town – those who fit the coffin he honors with his embraces – those too long or too short he dismisses – Byron tells me the story of the husband at the Queen of Hungary [see below, Commentary to Stanza 74] is false – (B.L.Add.Mss. 47234 f.29). clapt in a Canoe: implies gonorrhoea in a gondola. **55:** none can make out what you say or do: see B., letter to Kinnaird, October 26 1819 (BLJ IV 232): As to "Don Juan" – confess – confess – you dog – and be candid – ... Could any man have written it who had not tooled ... in a Gondola?

56: *double-entendre* throughout.

But to my story. – 'Twas some years ago –
It may be thirty, forty, more or less –
The Carnival was at its height, and so
Were all kinds of Buffoonery and dress;
A Certain Lady went to see the show –
Her real name I know not, nor can guess,
And so we'll call her Laura, ⁵⁷ if you please,
Because it slips into my verse with ease. –

22.

She was not old, nor young, nor at the years
Which certain people call a "certain Age" – 58
Which yet the most uncertain age appears,
Because I never heard, nor could engage
A person yet by prayers, or bribes, or tears,
To name, define by speech, or write on page,
The period meant precisely by that word,
Which surely is exceedingly absurd. –

E'

57: *Laura*: B.'s use of the name (*it slips into my verse with ease*) instantly brings an entire tradition of poetry into question, and reinforces the implications of the passage on Giorgione at II.88-112 above. Laura was the name of the woman to whom Petrarch (1304-74) wrote his love sonnets, starting a cult of idealised love which lasted for centuries, influencing almost every poet of the Renaissance and many beyond. Petrarch's Laura would not survive long in the new, deflationary world of ottava rima; it is not absolutely clear that Shakespeare's Desdemona or Juliet would (*to this day from Venice to Verona / Such matters may be probably the same*). See *Don Juan* III st.8, where the same point is made more trenchantly. (For Juliet, see *Don Juan* II 1519.). The account of Juan's adolescent reading (I 753-4) satirises Petrarchanism as the poetry of those for whom poetry is an escape from mundanity rather than a way of embracing it. B. wants Merope – the lost seventh Pleiad – elevated, rather than shamed, for the way she responded to the mortal, corrupt Sisyphus (see above, st.14 – a paradoxically Petrarchan section). The path to ideal love must involve transacting with the flesh (*carnis* – see above, 1.42n) rather than trying to bid it "farewell." See *Don Juan* I, st.116; also V, 7-8.

58: ... a "certain Age": B. has another try at defining the meaning of this phrase at *Don Juan* VI st.69. Ugo Foscolo, in the April 1819 *Quarterly Review* (pp.504-5) suggests that st.22 is a version of Niccolò Forteguerri's mock-chivalric *Il Ricciardetto*, (1738) IV 2; but the tone there is much more conventional:

Quando si giunge ad una certa età
Ch'io non voglio descriversi qual è,
Bisogna stare allora a quel ch'un ha,
Nè d'altri amanti cerca più la fè:
Perchè, Donne mie care, la Beltà
Ha l'ali al capo alle spalle, ed a'piè;
La vola sì che non si scorge più,
E che la vide no può dir: Qui fù.

[When a certain age is arrived at – which, I don't wish to say – it's necessary to remain there, and not to try the faith of any further lovers: because, my dear ladies, Beauty flies away unnoticed with head, shoulder and foot; and whoever sees her can no longer say, "Once she was here."]

Laura was blooming still, had made the best
Of Time, and Time returned the compliment,
And treated her genteelly, so that, 'drest,
She looked extremely well where'er she went;
A pretty woman is a welcome guest,
And Laura's brow a frown had rarely bent;
Indeed, she shone all Smiles, and seemed to flatter
Mankind with her black eyes for looking at her. —

24.

She was a married woman; 'tis convenient,

Because in Christian countries 'tis a rule

To view their little slips with eyes more lenient,

Whereas if single ladies play the fool

(Unless within the period intervenient

A well-timed wedding makes the scandal cool)

I don't know how they ever can get over it,

Except they manage never to discover it.

25.

Her Husband sailed upon the Adriatic,
And made some voyages too in other seas,⁵⁹
And when he lay in Quarantine for Pratique⁶⁰
(A forty days precaution 'gainst disease)
His wife would mount at times her highest Attic,
For thence she could discern the ship with ease;
He was a Merchant trading to Aleppo,
His name Giuseppe – called more briefly, Beppo.§⁶¹
200

 \S : Beppo is the Joe of the Italian Joseph. $-^{62}$

59: Her Husband ... made some voyages too in other seas: compare Lambro in Don Juan – see II 992-1017 and III st.16.

And say besides, that in Aleppo once, Where a malignant and a turbanned Turk Beat a Venetian and traduced the state, I took by the throat the circumcised dog, And smote him – thus. (Stabs himself.)

The echo does not seem altogether fortuitous, given Beppo's jealousy, exotic adventures and story-telling talents; and that he should all the time be called Joe adds to B.'s point. See also *Macbeth*, I iii 7: *Her husband's to Aleppo gone, master o'th'Tiger*...

62 Byron's note: the banal name contrasts with those of such previous Byronic heroes as Conrad (*The Corsair*) Lara, and Selim (*The Bride of Abydos*); though *Harold* might seem sufficiently mundane. BLJ VI 177 (letter to Alexander Scott, July 7 1819) reveals that "Beppi" was the nickname of Giuseppe Rangone, cavalier servente to B.'s friend the Countess Benzoni.

^{60:} *Pratique:* permission to start trade upon emerging from quarantine (*pratique* – intercourse). The passage distantly implies Beppo's infidelity.

^{61:} Aleppo: see Othello, V ii 355-9:

He was a man as dusky as a Spaniard,
Sunburnt with travel, yet a portly figure,
Though coloured, as it were, within a tanyard –
He was a person both of sense and Vigour –
A better Seaman never yet did man yard, 63
And She, although her manners shewed no rigour,
Was deemed a woman of the strictest principle,
So much as to be thought almost invincible.

27.

But several years elapsed since they had met;
Some people thought the ship was lost, and some

That he had somehow blundered into debt,
And did not like the thoughts of steering home,
And there were several offered any bet,
Or that he would, or that he would not come,
For Most Men (till by losing rendered sager)

Will back their own opinions by a wager.

28.⁶⁴

'Tis said that their last parting was pathetic,
As partings often are, or ought to be,
And their presentiment was quite prophetic
That they should never more each other see,
(A sort of morbid feeling half poetic
Which I have known occur in two or three)
When kneeling on the shore upon her sad knee
He left this Adriatic Ariadne. _65

63: yard: slang for penis.

64: unusual in that the concluding couplet rhymes with lines two, four, and six.

65: this Adriatic Ariadne: Ariadne helped Theseus escape from the Cretan labyrinth (see *Don Juan* II st.155) in recompense for which he married her, only to abandon her on the island of Naxos. However, in one development of the legend she was then courted and wooed on the celestial rebound by the god Bacchus (*Without whom Venus will not long attack us – Don Juan* II 1351-2) who gave her a coronet of seven stars – not, unfortunately, the Pleiades. This erotic triangulation is reflected clearly, though via travesty, in *Beppo*. The reference may echo Climene and Lindoro, the protagonists of Casti's *Il Ritorno Inaspettato*, one of the *Novelle Galanti*:

E Climene in lasciar non mica seo, Siccome fe' con Arianna in Nasso Più gran birbon che grand'eroè Teseo, Che il core avea più duro assai d'un sasso. (XXX, 1-4)

[He did not leave Climene as Theseus, more stoney-hearted brute than hero, left Ariadne on Naxos.] Except that B.'s hero does show a hard heart.

And Laura waited long, and wept a little, And thought of wearing weeds, as well she might;	225
She almost lost all appetite for victual, 66	
And could not sleep with ease alone at night;	
She deemed the window-frames and shutters brittle,	
Against a daring House-breaker, or Sprite,	230
And so She thought it prudent to connect her	
With a Vice-husband, 67 chiefly to protect her.	
30.	
She chose (and what is there they will not chuse?	
If only you will but oppose their choice)	
'Till Beppo should return from his long cruise,	235
And bid once more her faithful heart rejoice, ⁶⁸	
A Man some women like and yet abuse –	
A Coxcomb was he by the public voice –	
A Count of wealth, they said, as well as quality,	
And (in his pleasures) of great liberality. –	240
31.	
And then he was a Count, and then he knew	
Music, and dancing, fiddling, French, and Tuscan –	
The last not easy, be it known to you,	
For few Italians speak the right Etruscan; ⁶⁹	
He was a Critic upon Operas too,	245
And knew all niceties of the sock and buskin; ⁷⁰	
And no Venetian Audience could endure a	
Song, Scene, or Air, when he cried "Seccatura!" ⁷¹	

66: She almost lost all appetite for victual: stress "almost". In *Il Ritorno Inaspettato*, Climene allows her neighbour Silvia to feed her, despite her grief:

... un par di fette A lei recava, o un po' di zuppa buona Per darle forza e sostenerla in vita Dal pianto e dall'inedia illanguidita. (XXIX, 5-8)

[She received ham and soup from her to give her strength in her misery.]

67: *Vice-husband*: obvious word-play. The phrase *Vice-husband* occurs in *Tom Jones*, Book XI Chapter 11, where Fielding uses it to describe the noble Irish protector of Mrs Fitzpatrick, who has enabled her to run away from her boorish husband.

68: *'Till Beppo should return from his long cruise, / And bid once more her faithful heart rejoice*: they recall the faithful Penelope awaiting Odysseus in Homer's *Odyssey*. In *Beppo*, as in *Don Juan*, B. plays at mock-epic. Penelope will never admit the possibility of infidelity to her absent husband; Laura embraces her gallant from sheer practical necessity.

69: Tuscan ... Etruscan: pure Italian speech as opposed to the distinct Venetian dialect.

70: *sock and buskin*: footwear of Greek comic and tragic actors, and thus understanding of drama. The Count is an impressive cultural dilettante, to oppose Beppo's more commercial, seafaring status.

^{71: &}quot;Seccatura!": "Boring!" B. describes it at BLJ V 125 as ... a devilish good word.

His "Bravo" was decisive – for that sound	
Hushed "Academie" sighed in silent awe;	250
The fiddlers trembled as he looked around,	
For fear of some false note's detected flaw;	
The "Prima Donna's" tuneful heart would bound,	
Dreading the deep damnation of his "Bah!" ⁷⁴ –	
Soprano, Basso, even the Contra-Alto, 75	255
Wished him five fathom under the Rialto. ⁷⁶ –	

72: The description of the Count recalls Christopher Anstey's *The New Bath Guide* (1766, often reprinted) Letter X. For B. on the *Guide*, see *Don Juan*, Canto V, note to st.147: or BLJ VI, 234 and 253:

What sends PETER TEWKSBURY every Night To the Play with such infinite Joy and Delight? Why, Peter's a Critic, with true Attic Salt, Can damn the Performers, can hiss, and find Fault, And tell when we ought to express Approbation, By thumping and clapping and Vociferation; So he gains our Attention, and all must admire Young Tewksbury's Judgment, his Spirit and Fire. But JACK DILETTANTE despises the Play'rs, To Concerts and musical Parties repairs; With Benefit-Tickets his Pockets he fills, Like a Mountebank Doctor distributes his Bills; And thus his Importance and Interest shows, By conferring his Favours where-ever he goes: He's extremely polite to both me and my Cousin, For he often desires us to take off a Dozen; He has Taste, without Doubt, and a delicate Ear, No vile Oratorios ever could bear; But talks of the Op'ras and his Signiora, Cries Bravo, Benissimo, Bravo, Encora!

73: "Academie": orchestras.

74: deep damnation of his "Bah!": see Macbeth I vii 20.

75: even the Contra-Alto: one contralto whom B. and Hobhouse heard in Venice ("at an academia", on Thursday September 8 1817) was Giuseppina Grassini, "intimate friend" of Wellington (B.L.Add.Mss.47234 24r.)

76: *five fathom*: see *The Tempest* I ii 396, and *Romeo and Juliet* I iv 85 ... *the Rialto*: one of Venice's islands, or, the bridge connecting it with the next island. A social and commercial gathering-point. See *The Merchant of Venice*, e.g. I iii 34 and 102.

He patronised the Improvisatori,⁷⁷
Nay, could himself extemporize some stanzas;
Wrote rhymes, sang songs, could also tell a story,
Sold pictures, and was skilful in the dance as
260
Italians can be – though in this their Glory
Must surely yield the palm to that which France has;
In short, he was a perfect Cavaliero,
And to his very Valet seemed a Hero.⁷⁸ –

34.

Then he was faithful too, as well as amorous,

So that no sort of female could complain –

Although they're now and then a little clamorous

He never put the pretty souls in pain;

His heart was one of those which most enamour us,

Wax to receive, and Marble to retain;

He was a lover of the good old School,

Who still become more constant as they cool. 79

77: *Improvisatori*: improvising poets. At BLJ V 119 B., describing Sgricci, an authentic improvvisatore, refers to the skill as "not an amusing though a curious effort of human powers". At BLJ V 119 he records Sgricci as receiving a cry of *Seccatura!* (see above, 248). There is a note by Hobhouse on improvvisatori for *Childe Harold IV* 54 1.7. **Hobhouse's diary**, Saturday December 20 1817: *in evening went to S. Lucia and heard Sgricci again, he was still in yellow slippers, his flux was as great as before, but there was a very thin house – his tragedy was his 43d. extempory it was the Earl of Essex x x whom he called Odvardo he pretended to know nothing of the story and had it told to him by a gentleman in the stage box, this Rizzo said was a sham – however he talked of Elizabeth making war on France and did seem most extraordinarily ignorant, his tragedy had lasted nearly two hours when we came away at twelve o'clock, he had talked out many of his then audience ... (B.L.Add.M.S. 47234 f.40).*

78: And ... Hero: "Il n'y a point de héros pour son valet de chambre" (No man is a hero to his valet) – a French semi-proverb attributed to Maréchal Nicholas Catinat (1637-1712). In his **diary** entry for March 15 1814, **Hobhouse** comments: There are however some who are not heroes except to their valet de chambre (Berg Volume 2, p.61; Broughton Holograph Diaries, Henry W. and Albert A. Berg Collection, The New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations).

79: ... a lover of the good old School, / Who still become more constant as they cool: B. may be thinking of Colonel Fitzgerald, whom he met in Milan in 1816: Six-and-twenty years ago, Col. [Fitzgerald], then an ensign, being in Italy, fell in love with the Marchesa [Castiglione], and she with him. The lady must be, at least, twenty years his senior. The war broke out; he returned to England, to serve – not his country, for that's Ireland – but England, which is a different thing; and she – heaven knows what she did. In the year 1814, the first annunciation of the Definitve Treaty of Peace (and tyranny) was developed to the astonished Milanese by the arrival of Col. [Fitzgerald], who, flinging himself full length at the feet of Mad. [Castiglione], murmured forth, in half-forgotten Irish Italian, eternal vows of indelible constancy. The lady screamed, and exclaimed, "Who are you?" The Colonel cried, "What? don't you know me? I am so and so," &c., &c., &c.; till, at length, the Marchesa, mounting from reminiscence to reminiscence through the lovers of the intermediate twenty-five years, arrived at last at the recollection of her povero sub-lieutenant. She then said, "Was there ever such virtue?" (that was her very word) and, being now a widow, gave him apartments in her palace, reinstated him in all the rights of wrong, and held him up to the admiring world as a miracle of incontinent fidelity, and the unshaken Abdiel of absence (BLJ V 147).

No wonder such accomplishments should turn
A female head, however sage and steady –
With scarce a hope that Beppo should return,
In law he was almost as good as dead, he
Nor sent, nor wrote, nor showed the least concern;
And she had waited several years already,
And, really, if a Man won't let us know
That he's alive, he's dead, or should be so. –

36.

Besides, within the Alps to every woman,

(Although, God knows! it is a grievous sin)

'Tis, I may say, permitted to have two men;

I can't tell who first brought the custom in,

But "Cavalier Serventes" are quite common,

And no One notices nor cares a pin,

And we may call this (not to say the worst)

A Second Marriage which corrupts the First. —

37.

The Word was formerly a "Cicisbeo",

But *that* is now grown vulgar and indecent;

The Spaniards call the person a "*Cortejo*", ⁸⁰ §

For the same Mode subsists in Spain, though recent;

In short it reaches from the Po to Teio, ⁸¹

And may perhaps at last be o'er the Sea sent;

But Heaven preserve Old England from such courses

Or What becomes of damage, and divorces?

§: "Cortejo" is pronounced "Corteho" with an aspirate according to the Arabesque guttural – it means – what there is as yet no precise name for in England – though the practice is as common as in any tramontane country whatever. – – –

38.

However, I still think, with all due deference
To the fair *single* part of the Creation,
That married ladies should preserve the preference
In *tête-à-tête*, or general conversation — 300
And this I say without peculiar reference
To England, France, or any other nation —
Because they know the world, and are at ease,
And being natural, naturally please. —

80 Byron's note: Cortejo ... Cicisbeo: variations on Cavalier Servente (see above, 1.136n). A phrase in the fragmentary novel Bramblebear and Lady Penelope shows B. to have been familiar with the words since 1813 at least: you gentlemen Servitors, Cortejos, and Cicisbei ... (CMP 47).

^{81:} Po ... Teio: Italian and Spanish rivers.

'Tis true, your budding Miss is very charming,	305
But shy, and awkward, at first coming out,	
So much alarmed, that she is quite alarming,	
All Giggle, Blush – half Pertness, and half Pout,	
And glancing at Mamma, for fear there's harm in	
What you, she, it, or they, may be about;	310
The Nursery still lisps out in all they utter,	
Besides, they always smell of Bread and Butter.	
40.	
But "Cavalier Servente" is the phrase	
Used in politest circles to express	
This supernumary slave who stays	315

Close to the lady as a part of dress –
Her word the only law which he obeys –
His is no Sinecure, as you may guess;⁸²
Coach, Servants, Gondola, he goes to call,

And carries fan and tippet, ⁸³ gloves, and shawl. 320

82: His is no Sinecure: in April 1819 B. himself became Cavalier Servente to Teresa Guiccioli; see BLJ VII 28: I am drilling very hard to learn how to double a Shawl, and should succeed to admiration – if I did not always double it the wrong side out – and then I sometimes confuse and bring away two – so as to put all the Serventi out – besides keeping their Servite in the cold ... Hobhouse's diary, Wednesday August 6 1817: Madame Zagati [Marianna Segati, B.'s mistress] tells me that Cavalieri Serventi are often provided for in the marriage contract, with nobles, and that the higher class may change these cavaliers [as] often as they like – whilst those of her sets can not have more than one except after a reasonable lapse – Lewis told that Torlonia's daughter when she married had her cavalier mentioned in the contract which was to be her's "come se fosse nata nobile" ["as if she was of noble birth"] Madame Zegati added that the Cavaliers were often taken immediately after marriage so that no man can be sure even of his wife's first born (B.L.Add.M.S. 47234 f.9).

83: tippet: a short cape.

With all its sinful doings, I must say⁸⁴
That Italy's a pleasant place to me,
Who love to see the Sun shine every day,
And Vines (not nailed to walls) from tree to tree
Festooned,⁸⁵ much like the back Scene of a play,
Or Melodrame, which people flock to see
When the first Act is ended by a dance
In Vineyards copied from the South of France.

42.

I like on Autumn Evenings to ride out
Without being forced to bid my Groom be sure

My Cloak is round his middle strapped about,
Because the Skies are not the most secure;
I know too that if stopped upon my route
Where the Green Alleys windingly allure,⁸⁶
Reeling with Grapes red Waggons choak the way –
In England 'twould be Dung, Dust, or a Dray.⁸⁷

4. For all these sinful dair

84: For all these sinful doings (all previous edns.) ... in the letter to Murray of March 9 1818 (BLJ VI 22) which also includes sts.28, 38, and 39. The line as fair-copied and first printed is itself amended from the original rough draft's With all these sinful doings ...; so B. is reverting to his first thought, which implies his own complicity in the sinful doings. See Robert Southey, letter to Landor, February 20 1820: A fashion of poetry has been imported which has had a great run, and is in a fair way of being worn out. It is of Italian growth, — an adaptation of the manner of Pulci, Berni, and Ariosto in his sportive mood. Frere began it. What he produced was too good in itself and too inoffensive to become popular; for it attacked nothing and nobody; and it had the fault of his Italian models, that the transition from what is serious to what is burlesque was capricious. Lord Byron immediately followed; first with his Beppo, which implied the profligacy of the writer, and lastly, with his Don Juan, which is a foul blot on the literature of his country, an act of high treason on English poetry. The manner has a host of imitators. The use of Hudibrastic rhymes (the only thing in which it differs from the Italian) makes it very easy. (Life and Letters of Robert Southey, ed. Cuthbert Southey, V 21.)

85: Vines (not nailed to walls) from tree to tree / Festooned: The image was a favourite amongst English travel writers in Italy. Arthur Young's Travels (1792, p.23) has ... with vines, trained in festoons, from tree to tree; Joseph Forsyth's Remarks (1813, p.377) has How beautiful are vines when married as here, and trained round the field from tree to tree in double and intersecting festoons!

86: Where the Green Alleys windingly allure: compare Don Juan IX, final stanza:

... I feel my brain turn round, And all my fancies whirling like a mill; Which is a signal to my nerves and brain, To take a quiet ride in some green lane.

Hobhouse's diary provides a useful gloss on *Green Alleys: ... walk in the vinehung fields as usual for a singular purpose ... we have flashes of lightning every night – dine and ride with Byron. Return over the other side of the river from Dolo which is a pretty wild green lane comparatively with the other dusty road – see two women mother & daughter who call themselves English to the people here – but I can only make out that they speak Greek ... and so on (B.L.Add.Mss. 47234 f.17r: entry for August 20 1817).*

87: Dray: sideless cart for heavy loads.

I also like to dine on Becaficas.88 To see the Sun set, sure he'll rise tomorrow, Nor through a misty morning twinkling weak as A drunken Man's dead eye in maudlin sorrow, 340 But with all Heaven to himself; that Day will break as Beauteous as cloudless, nor be forced to borrow That sort of farthing Candle-light which glimmers Where reeking London's smoky Cauldron⁸⁹ simmers. 44. 345 I love the language, that soft bastard Latin, Which melts like kisses from a female mouth, And sounds as though it should be writ on Satin With syllables which breathe of the sweet South, 90 And gentle liquids gliding all so pat in That not a single accent seems uncouth – 350 Like our harsh Northern whistling grunting Guttural, 91 Which we're obliged to hiss, and spit, and sputter All. 45. I like the women too (Forgive my folly!) From the rich peasant-cheek of ruddy Bronze, And large black eyes, that flash on you a volley 355 Of rays that say a thousand things at once, To the high Dama's brow, more melancholy, But clear, and with a wild and liquid Glance -Heart on her lips, and Soul within her eyes, Soft as her Clime, and Sunny as her Skies. 360

^{88:} *Becaficas*: a beccafico is a small bird much esteemed as a delicacy.

^{89:} reeking London's smoky Cauldron: compare Macbeth IV i; also TVoJ 438-40.

^{90:} the sweet South: compare Twelfth Night I i 5 (some editions).

^{91:} our harsh Northern whistling, grunting Guttural: opens a series of statements on North European (i.e. British) uncouthness and provincialism which B. carries into *Don Juan*; see I st.64, and B.'s comment on Hobhouse's Settentrionale notions at I 1721, marginal altercation.

Eve of the land which still is Paradise!
Italian Beauty! didst thou not inspire
Raphael, who died in thy embrace, and vies §§
With all we know of heaven, or can desire
In what he hath bequeathed us? In what Guise,
Though flashing from the fervour of the Lyre,
Would *Words* describe thy past and present Glow,
While yet Canova⁹³ can create below?

365

§ (In talking thus, the writer, more especially
Of women, would be understood to say
He speaks as a Spectator, not officially,
And always, Reader! in a modest way;
Perhaps too in no very great degree shall he
Appear to have offended in this lay,
Since, as all know, without the Sex, our Sonnets
Would seem unfinished, like their untrimmed bonnets.)

(signed) Printer's Devil. -

§§: Note: For the received accounts of the cause of Raphael's death see his Lives. 94

12. is remitted resulting.

In this beloved marble view
Above the works & thoughts of Man —
What Nature could — but would not do —
And Beauty and Canova can!
Beyond Imagination's power —
Beyond the Bard's defeated art,
With immortality her dower —
Behold the Helen of the heart!

94 Byron's note: ... see his Lives: Giorgio Vasari claimed in his Lives of the Artists that Raphael died after excessive love-making; but malaria is now accepted as the cause.

^{92:} is written vertically in the fair copy, over sts.45 and 47. The "Printer's Devil" Stanza was written at the end of the fair copy, with instructions as to where it should go. It seems to have been the last one written at the end of the first stage of composition, and is placed vertically on the blank fourth side of the last rough draft manuscript sheet (a printer's devil was a general-purpose errand-boy in a printing-house). B. seems to think st.45 an insufficient makeweight to its surroundings, and adds this, as a generalised hymn of praise to the Italian ladies with whom he is by now so thoroughly acquainted; a fact to which the Printer's Devil stanza facetiously draws attention, lest B. appear to believe after all in the primacy of ideal Beauty (see above, 1.98 and n).

^{93:} Canova: Antonio Canova (1757-1822) Italian sculptor much admired by B. and most others. See letter to Murray, BLJ V 133: The Helen of Canova – (a bust which is in the house of Madame the Countess d'Albrizzi whom I know) is without exception to my mind the most perfectly beautiful of human conceptions – and far beyond my ideas of human execution –

"England! with all thy faults I love thee still!" 370

I said at Calais, 36 and have not forgot it; 370

I like to speak and lucubrate 77 my fill,

I like the Government (but that is not it)

I like the freedom of the press and quill, 8

I like the Habeas Corpus (when we've got it) 99

I like a Parliamentary debate, 100

Particularly when 'tis not too late;

48.

I like the taxes, when they're not too many,
I like a sea-coal fire, when not too dear,
I like a beef-steak too, as well as any,
Have no objection to a Pot of Beer,
I like the weather – when it is not rainy –
That is, I like two months of every Year;
And so God save the Regent, Church, and King!¹⁰¹
Which means that I like all, and every thing. –

49.

Our standing Army, and disbanded Seamen,

385

95: "England! with all thy faults I love thee still": In the rough draft, 1.370 goes, So Cowper says ... But B. is unhappy about quoting Cowper and makes the words at 1.369 his own, not Cowper's, in the fair copy. The line echoes not only Cowper, but Charles Churchill, The Farewell, 1.27: Be England what she will / With all her faults she is my country still. A fuller quotation from Cowper may help us understand the change (B. had said in an 1813 letter to his fiancée – BLJ III 179 – see also CMP 147 – that Cowper was no poet):

England, with all thy faults, I love thee still My country! and while yet a nook is left Where English minds and manners may be found, Shall be constrain'd to love thee. Though thy clime Be fickle, and thy year, most part, deform'd With dripping rains, or wither'd by a frost, I would not yet exchange thy sullen skies And fields without a flower, for warmer France With all her vines; nor for Ausonias groves Of golden fruitage and her myrtle bow'rs.

(*The Task*, II 206-15.)

Either B.'s or Cowper's line was quoted in 1834 by a Bolton muslin-weaver when testifying before the Commons Poor Law Committee. See E.P.Thompson, *The Making of the English Working Class*, p.334. **96:** *I said at Calais*: a recollection of B.'s leaving England for the last time in 1816; before sailing, he measured out his length on the Dover grave of the poet Charles Churchill (see previous note).

97: *lucubrate*: to work laboriously into the night over a literary work.

98: the freedom of the press and quill: though England's censorship laws were lighter than some on the continent, B.'s established publisher, John Murray, found *TVoJ* too much of a risk, and the radical who did publish it, John Hunt, was prosecuted and fined £100.

99: *Habeas Corpus (when we've got it)*: the law making arbitrary imprisonment impossible (see *TVoJ*, 1.568) was suspended at intervals during the Napoleonic wars and the agitation afterwards.

100: a Parliamentary debate: as a peer B. spoke three times in the House of Lords, starting with his celebrated maiden speech against the death penalty for Luddism (see this website); though he rapidly became disillusioned with parliamentary affairs.

101: *God save the Regent – Church – and King!* compare *TVoJ, passim;* what is here a brief ironical gesture is there expanded into an elaborate masterpiece of subversion.

Poor's rate, Reform, my Own, the Nation's debt,
Our little Riots just to show we're free men,
Our trifling Bankruptcies in the Gazette,
Our cloudy climate, and our chilly women;
All these I can forgive, and those forget;
And greatly venerate our recent glories,
And wish they were not owing to the Tories. 102

50.

But to my tale of Laura; for I find
Digression is a sin¹⁰³ that by degrees
Becomes exceeding tedious to my Mind,
And therefore may the reader too displease –
The gentle reader – who may wax unkind,
And caring little for the Author's ease,
Insist on knowing what he means, a hard
And hapless situation for a Bard.¹⁰⁴
400

51.¹⁰⁵

Oh! that I had the art of easy writing
What should be easy reading! could I scale
Parnassus, where the Muses sit inditing
Those pretty poems never known to fail!
How quickly would I print (the world delighting)
A Grecian, Syrian, or Assyrian tale,
And sell you, mixed with Western Sentimentalism,
Some samples of the finest Orientalism. §

§: The "finest Orientalism": a new phrase for a very common sort of poetry. For its meaning, consult Mercutio, Romeo and Juliet, Act 2 Scene 4: "The What?" Mercutio: "The pox of such antick, lisping, affecting fantasticoes – these new turners of accent – "By Jesu, a very good blade – a very tall man – a very fine whore."

52.

But I am but a nameless sort of person

102: And greatly venerate our recent glories, / And wish they were not owing to the Tories: see TVoJ, sts.1-7.

I read the "Christabel," Very well: I read the "Missionary"; Pretty – very: I tired at "Ilderim"; Ahem! (BLJ V 187)

The *Romeo* reference (see II iv 27 et. seq.) parallels B.'s Romantic verse with Tybalt's supposedly fantastical fencing jargon.

^{103:} *Digression is a sin*: compare *Don Juan* I 51-2.

^{104:} a hard / And hapless situation for a Bard: compare Don Juan IV 36-7.

^{105:} Byron's note: facetious references to the popularity of B.'s earlier Turkish Tales, which he now despised (see BLJ V 192) and from which Beppo represents a radical break and a considered comical critique. *Assyrian* (406) refers to Henry Gally Knight's *Ilderim, A Syrian Tale*, published two years previously to *Beppo*. See B. to Murray, BLJ V 185: *You say that "Margaret of Anjou" & "Ilderim" do not keep pace with your other saleables – I should have thought the Assyrian tale very succeedable. Or:*

(A broken Dandy ¹⁰⁶ lately on my travels) And take for Rhyme, to hook my rambling verse on, The first that Walker's Lexicon ¹⁰⁷ unravels, And when I can't find that, I put a worse on,	410
Not caring as I ought for Critics' cavils;	
I've half a mind to tumble down to prose,	415
But Verse is more in fashion – so here goes!	
53.	
The Count and Laura made their new arrangement, Which lasted, as Arrangements sometimes do, For half a dozen years without estrangement; They had their little differences, too, Those jealous whiffs which never any change meant; In such affairs there probably are few Who have not had this pouting sort of Squabble, From Sinners of high Station to the Rabble. –	420
54.	
But, on the whole, they were a happy pair, As happy as unlawful Love could make them;	425
The Gentleman was fond, the Lady fair,	
Their chains so slight 'twas not worth while to break them;	
The World beheld them with indulgent air;	
The Pious only wished "The Devil take them!" –	430
He took them not; he very often waits,	
And leaves old Sinners to be young Ones' baits.	

106: A broken Dandy: the Dandies were an identifiable social and historical group, of whom Brummel was the most celebrated. By 1817 their days had gone; see BLJ IX 22, and below, 474n. James R. Fisher (*Here the Story Ends – Byron's Beppo*, 1993 *Byron Journal*, pp.61-70) suggests a pun on "Dante", arguing that B., late in the poem's composition, was aiming at the perfect medieval number of one hundred stanzas.

107: Walker's Lexicon: a rhyming dictionary, standard vade mecum (see Don Juan I, 201, 2-3) of poets.

But they were young; 108 Oh! what without our Youth
Would Love be! What would Youth be without love?
Youth lends its joy, and sweetness, vigour, truth,
Heart, Soul, and all that seems as from above;
But, languishing with years, it grows uncouth—
One of few things Experience don't improve,
Which is perhaps the reason why old fellows
Are always such preposterously jealous.

440

56.

It was the Carnival, as I have said
Some six and thirty stanzas back, and so
Laura the usual preparations made,
Which you do, when your mind's made up to go
To-night to M^{rs}. Boehm's Masquerade, 109
Spectator or Partaker in the Show;
The only difference known between the cases
Is here, we have six weeks of "varnished faces." 110

108: B.'s surprising assertion that Laura, the married woman, and the highly sophisticated Count, are *young*, as opposed to *silly* ... *old people* (deleted 1.438 in the rough draft) is *rapidly forgotten* – fortunately, as Beppo is indeed, when he returns, *preposterously jealous* (440). Peter Vassallo, in *Byron The Italian Literary Influence* (pp.57-9) argues that B. is here borrowing directly, and with only glancing relevance, from the uncharacteristically innocent thirty-fifth Stanza of Casti's *Il Rosignuolo*. This novella is itself a versification of the tale (about the girl and her "nightingale") in Boccaccio's *Decameron* (Day Five, Story Four):

Che vale senze amor la giovinezza, Che vale senze giovinezza amore? Gioventù con amor gioja e dolcezza Spirito vigor diletto infonde in core; Ma se insipida langue e amor non prezza Fatuo foco divien, che passa e muore. E se amor non si accende in giovin petto, E sol di scherno e di dispregio oggetto.

[What's youth worth without love? What's love worth without youth? Youth brings joy and sweetness with love, and vigour to the heart; but if it languishes, it fades away, and becomes the object of scorn and ridicule.]

109: *M*^{rs} *Boehm's Masquerade*: The kind of event which B. had himself frequented when in London. Mrs. Boehm was a "distinguished lady of the haut ton" who had in June 1817 held "A Grand Masquerade" at her house in St James' Square London; The Dukes of Gloucester and Wellington were there in plain dress, and the Duke and Duchess of Grafton wore dominoes. Among the other guests was B.'s old flame Caroline Lamb, with whom Wellington subsequently had an affair, as he did with B.'s other acquaintance, Lady Frances Wedderburn Webster. At BLJ IV 135-6 B. describes a scene at a masked ball in July 1814, given at Burlington House in Wellington's honour, at which the now unwanted Caroline Lamb passed by him repeatedly, *masked & dominoed and displaying her green pantaloons every now & then.*

110: *six weeks*: the Venetian carnival started in late December, and continued to Ash Wednesday in February. ... "*varnished faces*": see *The Merchant of Venice* II v 32:

Shylock: What, are there masques? Hear you me, Jessica:

Lock up my doors, and when you hear the drum, And the vile squealing of the wry-necked fife, Clamber not you up the casements then, Nor thrust your head into the public street To gaze on Christian fools with varnished faces ...

Laura, when dressed, was (as I sang before) A pretty woman as was ever seen, Fresh as the Angel o'er a New Inn door, Or Frontispiece of a new Magazine, With all the Fashions which the last Month wore Coloured, and silver paper leaved between That and the title-page, for fear the Press Should soil with parts of Speech the parts of dress.	450 455
58.	
They went to the Ridotto; ¹¹¹ 'tis a hall Where People dance, and sup, and dance again – Its proper name perhaps were a masqued Ball – But that's of no importance to my Strain; 'Tis (on a smaller Scale) like our Vauxhall, Excepting that it can't be spoiled by Rain; The Company is "mixed" (the phrase I quote is As much as saying they're below your Notice.) –	460
59.	
For a "mixt Company" implies that, Save Yourself and friends and half a hundred more Whom you may bow to without looking grave,	465
The rest are but a vulgar Set – the Bore Of Public places, where they basely brave The fashionable stare of twenty Score Of well-bred persons called " <i>The World</i> " – but I,	470

Compare B.'s use of Jacques, from *As You Like It*, in the Epigraph. B. was sufficient of a Shakespeare student to know how useful these two killjoys were as symbols for what he was writing against. See also the Epigraph to Cantos VI, VII and VIII of *Don Juan* – which implicates Malvolio as well – and that to *TVoJ*.

Although I know them, really don't know why. -

111: *Ridotto*: a Venetian place of musical entertainment, gambling social meeting, normally attached to a theatre. Unlike London's *Vauxhall* (1.461) it was covered.

112: "the World": see Don Juan XI, 45, 1-6:

In the Great World, – which being interpreted Meaneth the West or worst end of a city, And about two thousand people bred By no means to be very wise or witty, But to sit up while others lie in bed, And look down on the universe with pity ... This is the Case in England, at least was
During the Dynasty of Dandies, 113 now
Perchance succeeded by some other class
Of Imited Imitators; 114 how soon! how
Irreperably soon decline, Alas!
The Demagogues of fashion; all below
Is frail; how easily The World is lost
By Love, or War, and, now and then, by Frost.

480

61.

Crushed was Napoleon by the Northen Thor, 115
Who knocked his army down with icy hammer,
Stopped by the *Elements* – like a Whaler, or
A blundering Novice in his new French Grammar; 116
Good cause had he to doubt the chance of War,
And as for Fortune – but *I* dare not d—n her,
Because, were I to ponder to Infinity,
The More I should believe in her Divinity.

... Lascivious metres, to whose venom sound The open ear of youth doth always listen; Report of fashions in proud Italy, Whose manners still our tardy apish nation Limps after in base imitation.

^{113:} the dynasty of Dandies: see above, 410n. In 1821 B. wrote, "I liked the Dandies – they were always very civil to me – though in general they disliked literary people ... I had a tinge of Dandyism in my minority – and probably retained enough of it – to conciliate the great ones – at four & twenty. (BLJ IX 22). Later in the same journal he recorded the following Dandy anecdote: A beau (dandies were not then christened) came into the P[rince] of W[ales] and exclaimed – 'Waiter bring me a glass of Madeira Negus with a Jelly - and rub my plate with a Chalotte' This in a very soft tone of voice. – A Lieutenant of the Navy who sate in the next box immediately roared out the following rough parody – "Waiter – bring me a glass of d—d stiff Grog – and rub my a—e with a brick-bat." (BLJ IX 29) See also Don Juan, XI, 78, 1.

^{114:} Of imitated imitators: – how (all previous edns.) Of Imited Imitators: Beppo is itself an imitation of an imitation – Frere's Whistlecraft imitating Italian ottava rima; Frere is thus an Imitated Imitator. See Hobhouse's diary, Thursday October 9 1817: ... came home and wrote poetry in the > Childe's style – it is difficult but not inimitable – Byron has imitated Frere's imitation in a description of Venice and done it well. (B.L.Add.M.S. 47234 f.28): this is the first reference to Beppo: Hobhouse does not mention it again in his Venice diary). There is an amusing echo here of York's critical words at Richard II, II i 19-23:

^{115:} Crushed was Napoleon by the Northen Thor: refers to Napoleon's disastrous Russian campaign of 1812, in which he was finally defeated by "Général Hiver". Compare also the depiction of Charles XII at Johnson's *The Vanity of Human Wishes*, 191-222.

^{116:} *Stopped by the Elements*: a Byronic in-joke. In his 1821 journal he recorded When Brummell [Beau Brummell, the leading Dandy] was obliged ... to retire to France - he knew no French & having obtained a Grammar for the purposes of Study – our friend Scrope Davies was asked what progress Brummell had made in French – to which he responded – "that B[rummell] had been stopped like Buonaparte in Russia by the Elements" – I have put this pun into "Beppo" ... (BLJ IX 21-2).

She rules the present, past, and all to be yet; She gives us luck in lotteries, love, and marriage; I cannot say that she's done much for me yet, Not that I mean her bounties to disparage – We've not yet closed accounts – and we shall see yet How much she'll make amends for past miscarriage; Meantime the Goddess I'll no more importune, Unless to thank her when she's made my fortune.	490 495
63.	
To turn – and to return, the Devil take it! This Story slips forever through my fingers, Because, just as the Stanza likes to make it, It needs must be, and so it rather lingers; This form of verse began, I can't well break it, But must keep time and tune like public Singers; But if I once get through my present measure, I'll take another – when I'm next at leisure.	500
64.	
They went to the Ridotto ('tis a place To which I mean to go myself tomorrow,	505
Just to divert my thoughts a little space, Because I'm rather hippish, 118 and may borrow Some spirits guessing at what kind of face May lurk beneath each mask; and as my Sorrow Slackens its pace sometimes, I'll make or find Something shall leave it half an hour behind.) –	510
65.	
Now Laura moves along the joyous crowd – Smiles in her eyes, and simpers on her lips – To some she whispers, others, speaks aloud – To some she curtsies, and to some she dips – Complains of warmth, and, this complaint avowed, Her lover brings the Lemonade she sips; She then surveyed condomns but pities still	515
She then surveys, condemns, but pities still Her dearest friends for being drest so ill. –	520

^{117:} though the tone here is light, the meaning is profoundly authentic. B. believed above all in a malicious Nemesis – the word is more apt to his conception than *Fortune*.

^{118:} *hippish*: low-spirited.

One has false curls, another too much paint,

A third – where did She buy that frightful turban?

A fourth's so pale she fears she's going to faint,

A fifth's look's vulgar, dowdyish, and Suburban,

A Sixth's white Silk has got a yellow taint,

A Seventh's thin Muslin surely will be *her* bane,

And Lo! an Eighth appears! "I'll see no more!"

For fear, like Banquo's kings, 119 they reach a score.

67.

Mean time, while she was thus at others gazing,
Others were levelling their looks at her;
She heard the Men's half-whispered mode of praising,
And, till 'twas done, determined not to stir;
The women only thought it quite amazing
That at her time of Life so many were
Admirers still, but Men are so debased –

Those brazen Creatures always suit their taste.

68.

For my part now, I ne'er could understand
Why naughty Women – but I won't discuss
A thing which is a Scandal to the land;
I only don't see why it should be thus,
540
And if I were but in a gown and band –
Just to entitle me to make a fuss –
I'd preach on this till Wilberforce and Romilly¹²⁰
Should quote in their next speeches from my homily.

0 D

^{119:} Banquo's kings: see Macbeth IV i 112-4. Compare Don Juan I 13, X 141-2, or XI 427.

^{120:} *Wilberforce and Romilly*: William Wilberforce (1759-1833) and Sir Samuel Romilly (1757-1818): evangelical reformers respectively of the slave trade and the law. For Wilberforce, see *Don Juan* IV 915; for Romilly, see *Don Juan* I 116-20. Both are for B. archetypes of the canting do-gooder. He disliked Romilly for the seeming treachery he displayed during the separation: accepting B.'s retainer, he then, owing to a slip-up, accepted Annabella's too, and ended up neutral; although B. didn't see it that way: see BLJ V 34-5. For an excellent anti-Wilberforce story see BLJ IV 327; and at BLJ VI 97 B. writes to Hobhouse, *Wilberforce – the canting Ludro! – that son of a bitch must be beaten or one shall have the Abbey of Westminster turned into a Conventicle*. Romilly killed himself upon the death of his wife in 1818; see BLJ VI 80-1 for B.'s astonishingly vindictive reaction.

While Laura thus was seen, and seeing, smiling,	545
Talking she knew not why, and cared not what,	
So that her female friends with envy broiling	
Beheld her airs, and triumph, and all that,	
And well drest Males still kept before her filing,	
And passing bowed and mingled with her chat,	550
More than the rest, One person seemed to stare 121	
With pertinacity that's rather rare.	

70.

He was a Turk the colour of Mahogany,
And Laura saw him, and at first was glad,
Because the Turks so much admire Philoguny, 122
555
Although their Usage of their wives is sad;
'Tis said they use no better than a dog 123 any
Poor woman, whom they purchase like a pad; 124
They have a number, though they ne'er exhibit'em, 125
Four wives by law, and Concubines "ad libitum." 126 – 560

121: One person seemed to stare: the relationship between this character and the surrounding scene of revel may usefully be compared with similar events at Don Juan III sts.26-35 et. seq., when Lambro stalks towards the party being given by Haidee to celebrate the end of the mourning period following his supposed death. B.'s interest in the theme of the "Spectre at the Feast" – familiar from the stories of Belshazzar and Macbeth – is also explored in the 1806 poem Oscar of Alva (CPW I 54) and, especially, in the abandoned 1812 fragment Il Diavolo Inamorato (CPW III 13) – the latter having a Venetian setting strikingly similar to that of Beppo.

^{122:} *Philoguny*: properly spelled *philogyny*; the study of women.

^{123:} no better than a dog: to Moslems, a dog is an unclean beast.

^{124:} whom they purchase like a pad: "PAD: The highway, or a robber thereon: also a bed" – Lexicon Balatronicum, or Dictionary of Buckish Slang (1811).

^{125:} the Quarterly Review put the same thought much more prosaically in an article on The Barbary States, Volume XV April 1816 p.182: According to the Mussulman ritual, every man may take to himself four legitimate wives, and as many concubines as he has the inclination, or the means to keep. The article comments favourably on A Narrative of Ten Years' Residence in Tripoli, which B. used as a source for Don Juan III. See also below, 612n. Not all experts on the Levant agreed, however. Here is Lady Mary Wortley Montagu (see Don Juan, V, 24), writing to her sister, Lady Mar, on April 1 1717: 'Tis true their Law permits them 4 Wives, but there is no Instance of a Man of Quality that makes use of this Liberty, or of a Woman of Rank that would suffer it. When a Husband happens to be inconstant (as these things will happen) he keeps his mistrisse in a House apart and visits her as privately as he can, just as 'tis with you. (Letters, ed. Halsband, I 329). B., who knew the Montagu letters well, is thus probably being, via Laura's naivety, ironical at the expense of the established anti-Islamic wisdom of his day.

^{126:} Concubines "ad libitum": as many as they wish (Latin – literally "at one's pleasure" – used in music to indicate an option).

They lock them up, and Veil and guard them daily;
They scarcely can behold their male relations,
So that their moments do not pass so gaily
As is supposed the case with Northern nations;
Confinement too must make them look quite palely,
And as the Turks abhor long conversations
Their days are either past in doing nothing,
Or bathing, nursing, making love, and cloathing.

72.

They cannot read – and so don't lisp in Criticism,

Nor write – and so they don't affect the Muse,

Were never caught in epigram or witticism,

Have no romances, sermons, plays, reviews –

In Harams Learning soon would make a pretty Schism!

But luckily these Beauties are no "Blues" –

No bustling *Botherby* have they to show 'em

575

"That Charming passage in the last new Poem!"

127: *Northern nations*: continues the theme from above, 1.351 – here B. implies Anglo-Saxon voyeurism. For harems, and a touch of voyeurism, see *Don Juan* V-VI, *passim*.

^{128: &}quot;Blues": female intellectuals; see Don Juan IV 857.

^{129:} no bustling Botherbys (all previous edns.) ... no bustling Botherby: refers to William Sotheby, the forgotten poet who bears roughly the relationship to Beppo that Wordsworth and Southey do to Don Juan and TVoJ; apart from his dullness, he fails, through being nothing other than a poet, to convince as one. See below, st.75; also BLJ VI 33, and 35-6. The main target of these stanzas is not, however, Sotheby; B. is satirising the ladies – see Don Juan I 175-6 – who make possible what success he enjoys; in the later *Don Juan* passage he seems, even though in irony, fonder of them than he does here. Robert Southey wrote upon reading the poem, Poor Sotheby! those stanzas in Beppo will half kill him. (Bodleian M.S. Eng. Letters d. 47. 86). Sotheby (1757-1833) had made his name by translations of Wieland's Oberon in 1798 (from which B. may have borrowed in The Corsair); and of Virgil's Georgics in 1800. B. met him in 1815, when his tragedy Ivan was accepted, but then rejected, at Drury Lane (see letters to Sotheby, BLJ IV 311 and 313; also V 30); the relationship was cordial. Then, in July 1817, B. was sent anonymously a copy of an Italian edition of his poems, with a note containing some gratuitously impertinent remarks, in a hand which he identified as Sotheby's. The letter to Murray in which he relates this (BLJ V 252-3) concludes with the exclamation Sunburn me! if I don't stick a pin through this old Blue-bottle. - Sotheby subsequently denied sending the package; but B. did not care - see BLJ V 35-6. In English Bards (815-18) B. had praised Sotheby, along with Gifford and Hector Macneil, as one of those poets who Feel as they write, and write but as they feel. This section of Beppo returns, in its different style, to the subject matter of English Bards; the about-face signals both new standards of rigour and new depths of personalised contempt. Scott and Moore had, conversely, been ridiculed in English Bards; only towards Rogers is B.'s attitude consistent. For further thoughts about Sotheby see BLJ IX 29. In the second part of The Blues (1821) where "Botherby" is portrayed at a Bluestocking event, B.'s tone has mellowed.

No *solemn Antique* Gentleman of rhyme,
Who, having angled all his life for Fame,
And getting but a nibble at a time,
Still fussily keeps fishing on; the Same
580
Small "Triton of the Minnows," the Sublime
Of Mediocrity, the furious tame,
The Echo's Echo, Usher of the School
Of female Wits, boy bards, in short a fool.

74.

A Stalking Oracle of awful phrase,
The approving "Good!" (by no means GOOD in law)

Humming like flies around the newest blaze,
The Bluest of Bluebottles¹³² you e'er saw,

Teazing with blame, excruciating with praise, ¹³³
Gorging the slightest slice of Flattery raw, ¹³⁴

Translating tongues he knows not even by letter,
And Sweating Plays so middling, Bad were Better. –

130: "Triton of the Minnows": see Coriolanus III i 89.

^{131:} *the Sublime / Of Mediocrity ... The Echo's Echo*: see the descriptions of Sir Fretful Plagiary in Act I of Sheridan's *The Critic* – one of B.'s favourite plays.

^{132:} The Bluest of Bluebottles: at once a domestic pest, a Tory, a policeman, and a would-be seducer of intellectual women.

^{133:} Teasing with blame, excruciating with praise: compare Pope, Epistle to Dr. Arbuthnot, 201-2.

^{134:} Gorging the little fame to get all raw (all previous edns.). Murray never printed the amended (and disgusting) line, despite the following (BLJ VI 26): ... When you can reprint "Beppo" – instead of line "Gorging the little Fame to get all raw" insert – Gorging the slightest slice of Flattery raw, - because – we have the word "Fame" in the preceding Stanza – (also as a rhyme too) – perhaps the line is now a little weakened – because "all raw" expresses the Cormorant Cameleon's avidity for air – or inflation of his vicious vanity – but – ask Mr Gifford – & Mr Hobhouse – & as they think so let it be – for though repetition is only the "soul of Ballad singing" & best avoided in describing the Harlequin jacket of a Mountebank - yet anything is better than weakening an expression – or a thought. – Concern for Sotheby's ego was probably as strong a consideration as concern for B.'s repetitions. This edition is the first one to use the line as amended.

One hates an Author that's *all Author*;¹³⁵ fellows
In foolscap Uniforms¹³⁶ turned up with Ink;
So very anxious, clever, fine, and jealous,
One don't know what to say to them, or think,¹³⁷
Unless to puff them with a pair of Bellows;¹³⁸
Of Coxcombry's worst Coxcombs, even the Pink
Are preferable to these Shreds of Paper,
These unquenched Snuffings of the Midnight taper. –

76.

Of these same we see several, and of others,
Men of the World who know the World like Men,
Scott, Rogers, Moore, 139 and all the better brothers
Who think of something else besides the pen;
But for the Children of the "Mighty Mother's" 140 –
The Would-be Wits and can't-be Gentlemen 141 –
I leave them to their daily "Tea is ready," 142
Smug Coterie, and Literary Lady. 143 – –

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^{135:} The point of the expanded attack on Sotheby, and part of the artistic point of *Beppo*, has by now become clearer: it is B.'s way of advertising his own new poetic voice, and of criticising English letters as a whole. Poetry has has neutered itself by ceasing either to serve or to reflect the world, and by reflecting and serving itself instead. The author who does nothing else is a self-disqualifier. What Sotheby is to *Beppo*, it goes without saying, Southey, Wordsworth and Coleridge will be to *Don Juan*; B. widens the target area as his confidence increases.

^{136:} foolscap Uniforms: compare Don Juan, IV, 109, 2: a passage close to this in spirit.

^{137:} One don't know what to say to them, or think: again reminds one of Sir Fretful Plagiary in *The Critic*, who similarly baffles civilised discourse.

^{138:} *puff them with a pair of Bellows:* see Mr Puff in *The Critic*, Act I; could also be a reference to the Reverend William Beloe, editor of *The British Critic*.

^{139:} Men of the World: for Scott, Rogers and Moore, see Don Juan Dedication, 7, 8; also I sts. 205-6.

^{140:} *Children of the "Mighty Mother's*": see Pope, 1743 *Dunciad*, Book I, i; the *Mother* is the Goddess Dulness.

^{141:} *Would-be Wits, and can't-be-Gentlemen*: possible references to the pretentious characters Sir Politick Would-Be in Jonson's *Volpone* and M. Jourdain in Molière's *Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme*.

^{142:} "Tea is ready": compare Don Juan IV, 108, 8.

^{143:} *Smug Coterie, and Literary Lady*: compare *Don Juan* IV, 109, 7-8.

The poor dear Mussulwomen whom I mention

Have none of these instructive, pleasant people,

And *One* would seem to them a new Invention,

Unknown as bells¹⁴⁴ within a Turkish Steeple;

I think 'twould almost be worth while to pension

(Though best-sown projects very often reap ill)

A Missionary Author¹⁴⁵ – just to preach

Our Christian usage of the parts of Speech.

78.

No Chemistry for them unfolds her Gases,
No Metaphysics are let loose in lectures, 146
No Circulating Library amasses
Religious novels, moral tales, and strictures 147
Library amaners, as they pass us;
No Exhibition glares with annual pictures;
They stare not on the Stars from out their Attics, 148
Nor deal (thank God for that!) in Mathematics. 149

144: bells: CPW points out a triple pun – bells, belles, and Bell, the nickname of Annabella, Lady Byron. See The Bride of Abydos, B.'s note to I, 232: Clapping of hands calls the servants. The Turks hate a superfluous expenditure of voice, and they have no bells. B. might be thought a keen student of Islam, even though in an 1813 letter to Murray (BLJ III 190-1) he asks whether Mahomet is buried in Mecca or Medina. But he would have found the Islamic prohibition against bells referred to in the Narrative of Ten Years' Residence in Tripoli, by the sister-in-law of Richard Tully, the British Consul at Tripoli from 1783 to 1793. He was to use the book as the source of much description in Canto III of

Don Juan: The people are summoned [to prayer] by a most uncouth noise made by this guard, who

carries with him a tin vessel or box, with pieces of loose iron in it. These discordant sounds are substituted for those of bells, which are unknown here, not being allowed by the religion of the Moors (p.16). See also Don Juan V 393: Turkey contains no bells, and yet men dine.

145: A Missionary Author: conceivably a reference to Robert Southey, who expressed firm views on

the proselytism of the Empire, and whose Eastern epics may have been conceived in part as an arm of Anglican evangelism.

^{146:} *lectures*: perhaps a reference to the philosophy lectures of Coleridge (referred to in the rough draft) or of Sir James Mackintosh.

^{147:} Religious novels, moral tales – and strictures: compare Don Juan I 121-5 (for moral novelists and Wilberforce, see Don Juan IV 959, n; for "Strictures" on B., see BLJ III 60).

^{148:} from out their Attics: contrast above. ll.197-8.

^{149:} Nor deal (thank God for that!) in Mathematics: refers, again, to Lady Byron; see Don Juan I 89. For Mussulwomen's education, see Don Juan VI st.44.

Why I thank God for that is no great matter; I have my reasons, you no doubt suppose, And as perhaps they would not highly flatter, I'll keep them for my life (to come) in prose; ¹⁵⁰	625
I fear I have a little turn for Satire, And yet, methinks, the older that one grows Inclines us more to laugh than scold, 151 though Laughter Leaves us so doubly serious shortly after.	630
80.	
Abominable Man no more allays His thirst with such pure beverage. No matter, I love you both, and both shall have my praise: Oh, for old Saturn's reign of Sugar-candy! Meantime I drink to your return in Brandy.	635 640
81.	
Our Laura's Turk still kept his eyes upon her, Less in the Mussulman than Christian way, Which seems to say, "Madam I do you honour, "And while I please to stare, you'll please to stay;" Could Staring win a woman, this had won her, But Laura could not thus be led astray; She had stood fire too long, and well, to boggle Even at this Stranger's most outlandish Ogle. —	645

^{150:} my life (to come) in prose: refers punningly to the prosaic fact of damnation (see TVoJ st.15) and to B.'s prose Memoirs, burnt by his friends after his death.

^{151:} Inclines us more to laugh than scold: compare Don Juan IV, 4, 1-2: And if I laugh at any mortal thing, / 'Tis that I may not weep ...

^{152:} Mirth and Innocence! Oh, Milk and Water!: a self-quotation from a letter to Moore of December 1816 (BLJ V 149) where the qualities are associated with loyal clergymen (B. refers to his friend Francis Hodgson) who ignore the revolutionary implications of Luddism. St.80, with its mock-regret for vanished Edens, is perhaps a dark extension of the couplet to st.79, laughter rather than scolding (or scorn, as the rough draft had it) being, as a reaction to folly, a symptom of fallen times. Beppo's approach towards Laura, a thing easily forgotten by those not reading at speed, is postponed still more gratuitously by the addition, an effect towards which B. was probably aiming. See next note for a context. The stanza arrived too late for the first three editions.

The Morning now was on the point of breaking,	
A turn of time at which I would advise	650
Ladies who have been dancing, or partaking	
In any other kind of Exercise, 154	
To make their preparations for forsaking	
The Ball-room ere the Sun begins to rise,	
Because when once the Lamps and Candles fail	655
His blushes make them look a little pale.	

83.

I've seen some balls and revels in my time,
And staid them over for some silly reason;
And then I looked (I hope it was no crime)
To see what lady best stood out the season — 660
And though I've seen some thousands in their prime,
Lovely and pleasing, and who still may please on,
I never saw but One 155 (the Stars withdrawn)
Whose bloom could, after dancing, dare the Dawn!

84.

665
670

154: any other kind of Exercise: indecent.

155: but One: often identified as Mrs Anne Wilmot – see She Walks in Beauty, and BLJ III 214, where B. says in a journal, comparing her favourably with other Blues, she, at least, is a swan, and might frequent a purer stream. However, Donald Reiman, quoting research in the archive of Bernard Quaritch Ltd., suggests that she is Lady William Russell, a friend of Annabella, whom B. is praising in order to tease his wife. The reference is thus more personal than normally supposed. See Reiman, review of CPW IV and V, in Keats-Shelley Review, Autumn 1988, pp.91-2.

156: The Name of this Aurora I'll not mention: compare the description of Haidee, at Don Juan II 1129-33:

And down the Cliff the Island Virgin came,
And near the Cave her quick light footsteps drew,
While the Sun smiled on her with his first flame,
And young Aurora kissed her lips with dew,
Taking her for a Sister; just the same
Mistake you would have made on seeing the two,
Although the mortal, quite as fresh and fair,
Had all the advantage of not being air.

Like Haidee, Mrs Wilmot – or Lady William Russell – is apparently exempt from normal female limitation. Aurora also anticipates the other uncharacteristically ideal ottava rima heroine, Aurora Raby.

Laura, who knew it would not do at all To meet the daylight after seven hours' sitting Among three thousand people at a ball, To make her curtsey thought it right and fitting; The Count was at her elbow with her shawl, And they the room were on the point of quitting,	675
When lo! those cursed Gondoliers had got Just in the very place where they <i>should not</i> .	680
Just in the very place where they should not.	000
86.	
In this they're like our Coachmen, and the cause Is much the same – the Crowd, and pulling, hauling – With blasphemies enough to break their jaws ¹⁵⁷ – They make a never-intermitted bawling; At home our Bow Street Gem'men ¹⁵⁸ keep the laws, And here a Sentry stands within your calling; But for all that there is a deal of swearing, And nauseous words past mentioning or bearing. –	685
87.	
The Count and Laura found their boat at last, And homeward floated o'er the silent tide, 159 Discussing all the dances gone and past, The Dancers, and their dresses too, beside, Some little Soundale also but all achost	690
Some little Scandals eke: but all aghast (As to their palace stairs the rowers glide) Sate Laura by the side of her Adorer, When lo! the Mussulman was there before her!	695

^{157:} blasphemies enough to break their jaws: compare TVoJ, 468-70.

^{158:} *Bow street Gem'men*: the Bow Street Runners, precursors of the Metropolitan Police, had been founded twelve years previously in 1805.

^{159:} *tide*: although there is no tide at Venice.

"Sir!" said the Count with brow exceeding grave,
"Your unexpected presence here will make
"It necessary for myself to crave
"Its import – but perhaps 'tis a mistake;
"I hope it is so, and at once to wave
"All Compliment – I hope so, for *your* sake;
"You understand my meaning, or you *shall*" –
"Sir" (quoth the Turk) "'tis no mistake at all,

89.

"That Lady is *my Wife!*" Much Wonder paints
The Lady's changing cheek, as well it might,
But where an Englishwoman sometimes faints,
Italian females don't do so outright;
They only call a little on their Saints,
And then come to themselves, almost, or quite,
Which saves much hartshorn, 162 salts, and sprinkling faces,
And cutting stays, as usual in such cases. —

160: Beppo's return brings at last into focus the immediate narrative source of the poem, an anecdote told B. by the husband of his Venetian mistress Marianna Segati (see above, 354n, and BLJ V 267). B. was on excellent terms with Pietro Segati – another major factor influencing the poem's moral tone. Hobhouse's diary, Friday August 29 1817: Notes [to Childe Harold IV] dine ride moonlight walk with Byron - Zagati at dinner, told us two singular stories ... A Turk arrived at the Regina di Ungheria inn at Venice and lodged there – he asked to speak to the mistress of the inn a buxom lady of 40, in keeping with certain children & who had lost her husband many years before at sea - after some preliminaries my hostess went to the Turk who immediately shut the door, & began questioning her about her family & her late husband. She told her loss - when the Turk asked if her husband had any particular mark about him she said - yes he had a scar on his shoulder - "Something like this?" said the Turk pulling down his robe - "I am your husband - I have been to Turkey - I have made a large fortune and I make you three offers, either to quit your amoroso and come with me, or to stay with your amoroso or to accept a pension and live alone." - The lady has not yet given an answer, but Madame Zagati, said "I'm sure I would not leave my amoroso for any husband" – looking at Byron. This is too gross even for me.- (B.L.Add.M.S. 47234 f.18). Hobhouse's settentrionale notions of moral correctness were deeply offended by the gross laxity displayed by all parties, in both narrative and real life. B. put the tale to good use: but now see note below to 784.

161: "That Lady is my Wife!": contrast Homer, Odyssey Books XIII-XXIII. **162:** hartshorn: ammonia derived from deer antlers; contrast The Waltz, 145-6.

She said – what could she say? why, not a word:

But the Count courteously invited in

The Stranger, much appeased by what he heard;

"Such things perhaps we'd best discuss within" –

Said he – "don't let us make ourselves absurd

"In public by a Scene – nor raise a din,

"For then the chief and only satisfaction

"Will be much quizzing on the whole transaction."

91.

They entered, and for Coffee called; it came,
A beverage for Turks and Christians both,
Although the way they make it's not the same; 164
Now Laura much recovered, or less loth
To speak, cries "Beppo! what's your Pagan name? 725
"Bless me! your beard is of amazing growth!
"And how came you to be away so long?
"Are you not sensible 'twas very wrong?

163: The scene offers another opportunity to compare B. with Casti's *Novelle Galanti*, and to show the finer comic touch of the English poet. When, at the corresponding moment in Casti's *Il Cavalier Servente*, the husband finds the lovers *in flagrante*, he expresses surprise:

Con quella brutta diavola, gli disse, Voi senz'obbligo fa si fatte cose! E sacramento alcun non vel prescrisse!

["You are doing such a thing with this devilish female brute," he said, "without being obliged to! No sacrament prescribes this as your job!"] In Il Ritorno Inaspettato, he starts making love to the wife while she sleeps:

... Si scosse

Ella a tal voce, e stette ancor dubbiosa, Se Lindoro o Rosmin l'incubo fosse; Ma del vero accorgendosi ancor più, Come sei tu? sclamà, Lindor, sei tu?

E chi vuoi tu ch'io sia se non son io? Lindoro smarrito alquanto allor riprese Ma dell'error s'avvide, e disse: o mio Caro Lindor, e quale a me ti rese Destin felice, e in quel momento appunto, Che in sogno mi parea che tu eri giunto?

[She woke on hearing his voice, and started up bewildered, uncertain whether the incubus was Lindoro or Rosmin [her lover]; but, realising the truth, cried, "Lindoro, how is it that it's you?" "And who did you think I might be if not me?" ... seeing her mistake, she said, "Oh my dear Lindoro, how happy is the fate which has brought you back to me just at the moment when I was dreaming of your homecoming!"]

164: the way they make it's not the same: see Don Juan III, 63, 3 - 8.

165: "Beppo! what's your Pagan name? etc.: this speech should be compared for content, intention, context and effect with those of Donna Julia to Don Alfonso at Don Juan I sts.145-57 and of Haidee to Lambro at Don Juan IV sts.38 and 42. It is perhaps a sign of the relative shallowness of Beppo that of the three heroines only Laura emerges unequivocally triumphant.

"And are you really, truly, now a Turk? ¹⁶⁶	
"With any other women did you wive? ¹⁶⁷	730
"Is't true they use their fingers for a fork? ¹⁶⁸	
"Well, that's the prettiest Shawl – as I'm alive!	
"You'll give it me? – they say you eat no pork –	
"And how so many years did you contrive	
"To – bless me! did I ever? No – I never ¹⁶⁹	735
"Saw a Man grown so Yellow! How's your Liver?	

93.

"Beppo! that beard of yours becomes you not¹⁷⁰ –

"It shall be shaved before you're a day older –

"Why do you wear it? – Oh! – I had forgot,

"Pray don't you think the weather here is colder?

"How do I look? You shan't stir from this spot

"In that queer dress, for fear that some beholder

"Should find you out, and make the story known –

"How short your hair is – Lord! how Grey it's grown!"

^{166:} "And are you really, truly, now a Turk?": she perhaps inquires whether or not he has been circumcised, a necessary ritual for the whole-hearted renegado. Really, truly occurs at TVoJ line 640, where it also refers to a person's identity, namely that of Junius, whom the narrator suspects to have been Nobody at all.

^{167:} "With any other women did you wive?: compare Don Juan I, 175, 8: when he / Suspects with One, do you reproach / accuse with three.

^{168:} *Is't true they use their fingers for a fork?:* indecent, in the context of the rhyming.

^{169:} did I ever? No, I never: in the proof of Don Juan I, 131, 7-8, at the couplet ... And which in ravage the more loathsome evil is, / Their real lues, our pseudo-syphilis, Hobhouse writes as marginal comment oh did I ever no I never!!. B. also uses the phrase in letters to Hobhouse of March 31 1817 (BLJ V 198) and March 3 1820 (BLJ VII 49) coupling it in the former, in a discussion about Charles Maturin's success, with a Fretful Plagiary line from The Critic: For my part I say nothing – but this I will say – Did I ever – No, I never – &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. The origin of the in-joke is not clear.

^{170:} "Beppo! that beard of yours becomes you not: compare Petruchio's words to Kate at The Taming of the Shrew V ii 121-2: Kate, that cap of your becomes you not: / Off with that bauble, throw it underfoot.

What answer Beppo made to these demands
Is more than I know! He was cast away
About where Troy stood once, and Nothing stands, 171
Became a Slave of course, and for his pay
Had bread and bastinadoes, 172 till some bands
Of pirates 173 landing in a neighbouring bay,
He joined the rogues and prospered, and became
A Renegado 174 of indifferent fame.

95.

But he grew rich, and with his riches grew so
Keen the desire to see his home again,
He thought himself in duty bound to do so,
And not be always thieving on the Main;¹⁷⁵
Lonely he felt at times as Robin Crusoe,
And so he hired a vessel come from Spain,
Bound for Corfu;¹⁷⁶ she was a fine polacca,¹⁷⁷
Manned with twelve hands, and laden with tobacco.
760

171: where Troy stood once, and Nothing stands: compare Don Juan IV sts.76-8: the irony is not only at the expense of Homer but against all attempts at making the brutal into the heroic. Hobhouse's diary: On Monday, April 30 1810, while at the site of Troy, Hobhouse and B. met a man whom B. may currently be remembering. Hobhouse records in his diary: Up 7 & went with Mr Mitchell, 1st lieutenant and Mr Ekenhead & Mr Williams with guns round the South side of the marsh to the Springs of Scamander – 5 hours nearly dined there under a walnut tree with water cresses from brook addressed by a Turk shabbily dressed in Italian & surprised to hear him say "Scis linguam latinam" he spoke a few sentences elegantly enough in this tongue. I asked him where he had learned it – "At home". – "Never been to a college?" – "Vidi etiam academiam sed non frequentavi" - he was the steward (a slave) of some Pasha & lived in a cottage with a pretty garden attached to it on the cold & warm spring (it was not warm to day of the Scamander – at leaving he said, "Visne videre postum?" He must have been a French renegade. He had been in Alexandria. When asked where he had learned his Italian - "In mundo" was his reply. Another well dressed Turk addressed [him] familiarly by the name of Selim – he was half naked but did not beg ... (B.L. Add. Mss. 56529)

172: bastinadoes: punishment in which the soles of the feet are beaten.

173: The replacement of *Corsairs* with *pirates* (in the rough draft) is evidence of a very self-conscious self-monitoring on B.'s part. To make Beppo such an obvious imitation of Conrad would make the whole joke too easily decipherable. See M.K. Joseph: (Beppo) is like one of the Turkish Tales turned inside-out; Beppo's life as slave, renegade and pirate, which would have made the experience of an early Byronic hero, is relegated to the distant background ... (Byron the Poet, p.135); see also next note.

174: *Renegado*: one who changes religion, or political or nationalist allegiance, from policy. See *Don Juan* IV, 116, 5. Beppo's history recalls those of Conrad and Alp in *The Corsair* and *The Siege of Corinth*, B.'s oriental tales of 1814 and 1816. Alp, for instance,

In happier mood, and earlier time, While unimpeached for traitorous crime, ... glittered through the Carnival; And tuned the softest serenade That e'er on Adria's waters played At midnight to Italian maid. (Siege, 142-8.)

However, where in the earlier poems the emphasis is on love, adventure and gloom, such things are in *Beppo* taken banally "as read". See Byron's note to 408 above. In *The Island* (1823) B. was to return to the renegado theme, with his sympathetic depiction of Torquil, the imagined Bounty mutineer.

175: thieving on the Main: compare Lambro at, for instance, Don Juan III sts.16-18.

176: *come from Spain, / Bound for Corfu*: roughly the course which Juan's open boat takes in Canto II. **177:** *polacca*: three-masted merchant ship.

Himself, and Much (Heaven knows how gotten) Cash
He then embarked, with risk of life and limb,
And got clear off, although the attempt was rash;
He said that Providence protected him,
For my part, I say nothing 178 – lest we clash
In our opinions – well – the Ship was trim,
Set sail, and kept her reckoning fairly on,
Except three days of Calm when off Cape Bonn. 179

97.

They reached the Island, he transferred his lading,
And self, and live-stock, to another bottom,
And passed for a true Turkey-Merchant trading
With goods of various names – but I've forgot 'em;
However, he got off by this evading,
Or else the People would perhaps have shot him,
And thus at Venice landed to reclaim
775
His wife, religion, house, and Christian name.

98.

His wife received, the Patriarch re-baptized him,

(He made the Church a present by the way)

He then threw off the Garments which disguised him

And borrowed the Count's small-clothes for a day; 780

His friends the more for his long absence prized him,

Finding he'd wherewithal to make them gay,

With dinners – where he oft became the Laugh of them –

For stories – but *I* don't believe the half of them.

^{178:} For my part, I say nothing: B. here quotes two of his Augustan idols simultaneously. Here is Mrs Slipslop in Fielding's Joseph Andrews, Book II Chapter 3, protesting her innocence to Parson Adams: ... for my part I say nothing, but that it is wondersome how some people can carry all things with a grave face. This leads on to a line of Sir Fretful Plagiary in Sheridan's The Critic, I i: I say nothing – I take away from no man's merit – am hurt at no man's good fortune – I say nothing – but this I will say – through all my knowledge of life, I have observed – that there is not a passion so strongly rooted in the human heart as envy! The line implies the speaker's paranoid insincerity. See Don Juan I 409-10, also note to 1.735 above. Plagiary was one of B.'s favourite alter-egos in correspondence. See BLJ I 241, III 94, IV 78 and 313, and V 198.

^{179:} Cape Bonn: the northernmost point of Tunisia; in Arabic, Ras Addem.

^{180:} *smallclothes*: underclothes; see 1.26 above. The analogy would be with Othello borrowing Cassio's underpants, or Odysseus asking the suitors for the loan of a pair of socks.

^{181:} ... but I (all previous edns.) For stories – but I don't believe the half of them: compare Iago: Mark me with what violence she first loved the Moor, but for bragging and for telling her fantastical lies (II i 219-21). The line might also parallel Beppo with Sindbad the Sailor in *The 1,001 Nights*, who entertains guests with non-stop and incredible stories.

Whate'er his Youth had suffered, 182 his old Age
With wealth and talking made him some amends;
Though Laura sometimes put him in a rage,
I've heard the Count and He were always friends;
My pen is at the bottom of a page, 183
Which being finished, here the story ends;
790
'Tis to be wished it had been sooner done,
But Stories somehow lengthen when begun. —

182: Whate'er his Youth had suffered: compare Othello, I iii 157:

I did consent,

And often did beguile her of her tears, When I did speak of some distressful stroke That my youth suffered.

The references, whether covert, conscious or otherwise, are well placed; the rough draft indicates that B. deliberately re-wrote to incorporate Othello's line. **Hobhouse's diary,** Saturday October 11th 1817: ... he is a lawyer and shoppy – he told me a curious letch – a man in the temple keeps a coffin and sends for the girls in the town – those who fit the coffin – he honors with his embraces – those too long or too short he dismisses – Byron tells me the story of the husband at the Queen of Hungary [source for the whole tale – see above, stanzas 88-9n] is false. (B.L.Add.M.S. 47234 f.29).

183: My pen is at the bottom of a page: literally at the bottom of a page in the case of the rough draft; there is comedy in B.'s determination – against the odds – that it shall be in the fair copy, too. The line is also a play on words: My penis at the bottom of a page.

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First edition 500 copies. Copyright 500 gs to Byron.

Additional stanzas to the first, second and third editions of Beppo. (1818) (single sheet). These were first added to the fourth edition; the fifth edition was the first to bear Byron's name [MSS: draft: New York Morgan; fair copy: New York Pforzheimer; fragment (see BLJ VI 26) JMA.]

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